UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/864,891	05/24/2001	Kok-Hwee Ng	F-5735 (1417P P 599)(9360	2261
69275 7590 08/04/2008 COOK, ALEX, MCFARRON, MANZO, CUMMINGS & MEHLER, LT 200 WEST ADAMS STREET			EXAMINER	
			RANGREJ, SHEETAL	
SUITE 2850 CHICAGO, IL 60606			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3626	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/04/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/864,891	NG ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	SHEETAL R. RANGREJ	3626			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>14 Ap</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 8-54 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 8-54 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ access	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r.	≣xaminer.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the answer Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 08/26/04; 08/27/04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte			

Art Unit: 3626

Prosecution History Summary

1. Claims 1-7 are cancelled.

2. Claims 8-54 are pending.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. <u>Claims 8-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fletcher-Haynes et al. (U.S. Publication No. 2001/0034614) in view of Morand et al. (U.S. Publication No. 2002/0046054).</u>
- 5. As per claim 8, Fletcher discloses a system for managing inventory of blood component collection soft goods and for preventing the use of quarantined soft goods, the system comprising:
- (1) a blood component collection instrument for collecting a blood component from a blood component donor in a blood component soft good (Fletcher: par. [0056] and [0125]; Examiner notes, in particular, that Fletcher teaches that the blood/blood components are collected into "bags" via "tubing sets" (i.e., "blood component soft goods" or "the container or kit which holds the collected blood component," as defined by Applicant on pg. 14 of Applicant's response filed 6/30/2006));

Application/Control Number: 09/864,891

Art Unit: 3626

Page 3

(2) a system computer being operably connected to the blood component collection instrument (Fletcher: par. [0057]), the system computer running a blood component collection application for at least a portion of a blood component collection process (Fletcher: par. [0057]), wherein the system computer is in data communication with a system database having a blood component collection soft good inventory (Fletcher: par. [0056], [0063], and [0195]); and (3) an interface being operably connected to the system computer (Fletcher: par. [0057]).

Examiner notes that Fletcher teaches the use of a multitude of graphical user interfaces (GUIs) having numerous fields for a indicating a variety of things including blood component inventory levels, machine identification numbers, blood collection bag identification numbers, blood component collection volumes, tubing set identification numbers, etc. (Fletcher: Figs. 2A-6M). As such, Examiner considers GUIs having various inventory indication fields to be notoriously well known.

Fletcher, however fails to expressly disclose a system for managing inventory of blood component collection soft goods and for preventing the use of quarantined soft goods, the system comprising:

- (4) a system computer, wherein the system computer is in data communication with a system database having a blood component collection soft good inventory and quarantine information relative thereto, and said system computer processes said inventory and quarantine information prior to use of the blood component soft good; and
- (5) the interface having a quarantine field for indicating that at least a portion of the blood component collection soft good inventory is quarantined based on the processing of the inventory and quarantined information prior to use of the blood component soft good.

Nevertheless, these features are old and well known in the art, as evidenced by Morand. In particular, Morand discloses a system for managing inventory of blood component collection soft goods and for preventing the use of quarantined soft goods, the system comprising:

(4) a system computer, wherein the system computer is in data communication with a system database having a blood component collection soft good inventory and quarantine information relative thereto, and said system computer processes said inventory and quarantine information prior to use of the blood component soft good (Morand: par. [0057]-[0059]); and

(5) the interface having a quarantine field for indicating that at least a portion of the blood component collection soft good inventory is quarantined based on the processing of the inventory and quarantined information prior to use of the blood component soft good (Morand: par. [0062], [0067]).

One of ordinary skill would have found it obvious at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Withers with the combined teachings of Fletcher and Morand with the motivation of providing the safety of a nation's supply (Morand: par. [0013]).

6. As per claim 9, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 8, wherein the interface communicates to the system database an identification of the soft goods (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0083], [0125], and [0162]) (Examiner notes also that Fletcher teaches the use of various GUI comment fields whereby a user of the system could indicate that a particular soft good is unsuitable (i.e., quarantined)).

Fletcher, however, fails to expressly disclose the system of claim 8, wherein the interface communicates to the system database an identification of the [quarantined] soft goods.

Art Unit: 3626

Nevertheless, this feature, as aforementioned, is old and well known, as evidenced by Morand. In particular, Morand discloses the system of claim 8, wherein the interface communicates to the system database an identification of the quarantined soft goods (Morand: par. [0062], [0067]).

One of ordinary skill would have found it obvious at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Withers with the combined teachings of Fletcher and Morand with the motivation of providing the safety of a nation's supply (Morand: par. [0013]).

7. As per claim 10, Fletcher discloses the system claim 8, wherein the blood component collection soft good is selected from a group consisting of blood component collection kit (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0071], [0192], and [0315]) (Examiner considers a barcode, needle, receptacle bag, tubing set, and blood containers, among other soft goods to read on "blood component collection kit.").

Examiner has noted insofar as claim 10 recites "selected from a group consisting of blood component collection kit, a blood component collection solution, and a blood component collection transfer pack," a blood component collection kit has been recited.

8. As per claim 11, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 8, wherein the interface further comprises a reader being operably connected to the system computer for receiving an operator identifier and transmitting the operator identifier to the system computer, and for receiving separate input of a blood component soft good identifier and transmitting the blood component soft good identifier to the system database (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0059], [0071], [0079], [0083], and [0125]).

Art Unit: 3626

In short, Fletcher teaches a system replete with a myriad of identifiers (e.g., operator identifiers, instrument/device/identifiers, donor identifiers, soft good identifiers, inventory identifiers, etc.) being received and transmitted by the system computer in conjunction with an array of peripheral devices (e.g., barcode readers, scanners, cameras, etc.) (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0059], [0071], [0079], [0083], and [0125]).

- 9. As per claim 12, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 11, wherein the operator identifier and a blood component collection soft good identifier are received from a location proximate the blood component collection instrument (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0058], [0059], [0079], [0083], and [0125]).
- 10. As per claim 13, Fletcher discloses the system claim 8, wherein the system database is integral with the system computer (Fletcher: par. [0057] and [0058]).

In fact, Fletcher teaches multiple system configurations including, but not limited to, one where the system database can be included therein (i.e., integral within the computer), one where the system database is positioned in close proximity with the system computer (i.e., integral to the computer system), and one where the system database is located remotely (i.e., integral to the computer system network) (Fletcher: par. [0057] and [0058]).

11. As per claim 14, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 8, further comprising a blood component collection donor identifier corresponding to a blood component donor, wherein the blood component collection donor identifier is transmittable to the system computer for storing the blood component collection donor identifier in the memory and for associating the blood component collection donor identifier with at least one of the blood component collection soft

Application/Control Number: 09/864,891

Page 7

Art Unit: 3626

good identifier and the blood collection instrument identifier (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0068], [0124], [0125], [0142] and [0159]; Fig. 2A-6M).

- 12. As per claim 15, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 8, wherein the blood component collection instrument further comprises a blood component collection instrument identifier (Fletcher: par. [0159]; Fig. 4A).
- 13. As per claim 16, Fletcher discloses the system claim 8, wherein the interface utilizes radio frequency to transmit to the system computer (Fletcher: par. [0059]).

In fact, Fletcher teaches an open computer system architecture that may leverage a broad assortment of interface transmission means including cable, satellite, and energy wave communication, among other transmission means (Fletcher: par. [0059]).

- 14. As per claim 17, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 8, further comprising:
- (a) a system communication conduit for operably connecting the system computer to the blood component collection instrument (Fletcher: par. [0012]); and,
- (b) a system communication protocol for facilitating communication on the communication conduit between the system computer and the blood component collection instrument (Fletcher: par. [0030]).
- 15. As per claim 18, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 17, wherein the system communication protocol is Ethernet (Fletcher: par. [0030]).
- 16. As per claim 19, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 17, wherein the system communication protocol is TCP/IP (Fletcher: par. [0030] and [0194]).
- 17. As per claim 20, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 17, further comprising:
- (a) a network server being operably connected to the system computer via a network

Art Unit: 3626

communication conduit (Fletcher: par. [0012] and [0065]); and

(b) a web interface being operably connected to the system computer for facilitating access to the blood component collection process, wherein the interface receives data from the system computer (Fletcher: par. [0033] and [0194]).

- 18. As per claim 21, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 20, further comprising a web server being operably connected to the system computer and operably responsive to a web browser wherein the information stored in the system computer can be accessed (Fletcher: par. [0033] and [0194]).
- 19. As per claim 22, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 20, wherein the interface comprises a reader having at least one of a touch pad (Fletcher: par. [0057]).

Examiner has noted insofar as claim 22 recites "at least one of a touch pad, a keypad, an optical scanner, and a magnetic scanner" a touch pad has been recited.

20. As per claim 23, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 8, wherein the system database further comprises separate inventory data for each of a plurality of different types of soft goods (Fletcher: par. [0011] and [0166]; Figs. 2A-6M).

Examiner notes that Fletcher specifically teaches capturing, tracking, editing, printing, manipulating, measuring, modifying, calculating, transmitting, and receiving various soft goods (e.g., various blood component solutions, such as plasma, red blood cells, etc.; blood collection kits including needles, blood collection bags, etc.)inventory data pertinent to the blood collection process (Fletcher: par. [0011] and [0166]; Figs. 2A- 6M).

21. As per claim 24, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 23, wherein the plurality of different types of soft goods is a blood component collection kit (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0071],

Art Unit: 3626

[0192], and [0315]) (Examiner considers a barcode, needle, receptacle bag, tubing set, and blood containers, among other soft goods to read on "blood component collection kit.").

Examiner has noted insofar as claim 24 recites "selected from group consisting of a blood component collection kit, a blood component collection solution, and a blood component collection transfer pack" a blood component collection kit has been recited.

- As per claim 25, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 8, wherein the blood component soft good inventory data is modified in response to the receipt of the blood component soft good identifier transmitted from the interface (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0084], [0125] and [0166]; Figs. 2A-6M).
- 23. As per claim 26, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 25, wherein the system computer generates a notification when the blood component soft good inventory data is modified to a value which is lower than a predetermined value (Fletcher: par. [0314]) (Examiner considers blood component collection solutions (e.g., plasma solutions, red blood cell solutions, etc.) to read on "blood component soft good."
- 24. As per claim 27, Fletcher discloses the of claim 26, wherein the notification comprises providing a reorder option corresponding to the blood component soft good associated with the blood component soft good identifier (Fletcher: par. [0195]).
- 25. As per claim 28, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 27, wherein the notification is transmitted to a remote access service for restocking blood component soft good inventory (Fletcher: par. [0195] and [0314]).

Art Unit: 3626

26. As per claim 29, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 8, further comprising a blood component collection kit having a plurality of blood component collection soft goods (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0056], [0063], [0071], [0192], [0195], [0395]).

27. As per claim 30, Fletcher discloses the system of claim 29, wherein the blood component collection kit comprises a blood component container, a hypodermic needle, a blood component sample container, and a label (Fletcher: par. [0022], [0071], [0192], and [0315]).

Examiner considers a barcode (i.e., label), needle, receptacle bag (i.e., blood component container, blood component sample container), tubing set, and blood containers (i.e., sample container), among other soft goods to read on "blood component collection kit."

28. Claim 31 differs from system claim 8 by reciting "[a] computer readable medium having computer program code stored thereon..." within its preamble. As per these elements, Fletcher's system and method for managing inventory of blood component collection soft goods includes computers, data storage devices, communication devices, server systems, network systems and software applications running in conjunction with various hardware devices (Fletcher: par. [0020], [0031], [0032] and [0057]). As such, it is readily apparent that Fletcher's system and method for managing the inventory of blood collection soft goods is controlled by a computer program stored upon a computer-readable medium.

The remainder of claim 31 substantially repeats the same limitations of claim 8 and is therefore, rejected for the same reasons given for claim 8 above and incorporated herein.

29. Claims 32-42 substantially repeat the same limitations of claims 9-12, 14-15 and 25-28 and therefore, are rejected for the same reasons given for those claims.

Art Unit: 3626

30. Claim 43 differs from system claim 8 by excluding hardware and software elements, namely, "a blood component collection instrument," "a system computer being operably connected to the blood collection instrument," "the system computer running a blood component collection application," "a system database having a blood component collection soft good inventory," and "an interface being operably connected to the system computer, the interface having a quarantine field." The method merely repeats the underlying process steps of system claim 8 and thus, merely repeats the same limitations of claims 8 and is therefore, rejected for the same reasons given for claim 8 above and incorporated herein.

31. Claims 44-54 substantially repeat the same limitations of claims 9-12, 14-15 and 25-28, and therefore are rejected for the same reasons given for those claims.

Response to Arguments

32. Applicant's arguments filed 04/14/2008, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 8-54 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn.

Conclusion

- 33. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - -Otworth et al. (U.S. Publication No. 2002/0059030) discloses a method and apparatus for the processing of remotely collected electronic information characterizing properties of biological entities.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHEETAL R. RANGREJ whose telephone number is (571)270-1368. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:30.

Art Unit: 3626

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Christopher Gilligan can be reached on 571-272-6770. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would

like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Sheetal R. Rangrej/

Examiner, Art Unit 3626

/C Luke Gilligan/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3626